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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/961,161	09/21/2001	Christian H. Passow	355.00103 4639 (2001P17280US)			
75	90 07/29/2003					
WOOD, PHILLIPS, VanSANTEN,			EXAMINER			
CLARK & MO Suite 3800			LUEBKE, RENEE S			
500 West Madison Street Chicago, IL 60661			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
<b>.</b> .	*	•	2833	<del>-</del>		
			DATE MAILED: 07/29/2003	DATE MAILED: 07/29/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•	-	Application	No.	Applicant(s)	
, .	<del></del> ,	09/961,161	<b>"</b>	PASSOW	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit	
		Renee S. Lue	ebke	2833	
Period fo	- The MAILING DATE of this communication r Reply	appears on the co	over sheet with th	ne correspondence address	
THE N - Exten after to the lift NO - Failur - Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RIMALING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION SIGNATION OF THIS COMMUNICATION OF THIS COMMU	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, in. a reply within the statuton eriod will apply and will ex statute, cause the applicat	however, may a reply by minimum of thirty (30) pire SIX (6) MONTHS ion to become ABANDO	the timely filed  I days will be considered timely.  I drom the mailing date of this communication  ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	1.
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>09 June 2003</u> .			
2a)⊠	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□	This action is no	n-final.		
3)□ Dispositio	Since this application is in condition for a closed in accordance with the practice ur on of Claims				is
·	Claim(s) <u>1-32</u> is/are pending in the applic	ation			
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with		deration		
	Claim(s) <u>1,4-8,15 and 16</u> is/are allowed.	Idlawii iloiii coiisi	acration.		
· · ·	Claim(s) <u>9,10,14 and 17-32</u> is/are rejected	l			
·	Claim(s) <u>3,70,74 and 77-92</u> is/are rejected Claim(s) <u>11-13</u> is/are objected to.	•			
·	Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	nd/or election requ	irement		
•	on Papers	maror election requ	mement.		
9)🖂 🗆	he specification is objected to by the Exar	miner.			
	he drawing(s) filed on <u>21 September 200</u> 7		oted or b)⊠ objec	ted to by the Examiner.	
,	Applicant may not request that any objection			-	
11) 🔲 🏾	he proposed drawing correction filed on _	is: a)⊟ appr	oved b)⊟ disap	proved by the Examiner.	
	If approved, corrected drawings are required	in reply to this Office	action.		
12) 🔲 🏻	he oath or declaration is objected to by the	e Examiner.			
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo	reign priority unde	r 35 U.S.C. § 11	9(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)[	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:			•	
	1. Certified copies of the priority docum	nents have been r	eceived.		
•	2. Certified copies of the priority docum	nents have been r	eceived in Appli	cation No	
	<ol> <li>Copies of the certified copies of the application from the Internationa ee the attached detailed Office action for a</li> </ol>	al Bureau (PCT Ru	le 17.2(a)).	_	
14) 🗌 A	cknowledgment is made of a claim for don	nestic priority unde	er 35 U.S.C. § 11	9(e) (to a provisional application	on).
,	☐ The translation of the foreign language cknowledgment is made of a claim for don				
Attachment	(s)				
2) 🔲 Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948 action Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No		Notice of Inform	nary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
S. Patent and Tra TO-326 (Rev		e Action Summary		Part of Paper No. 7	

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1. The drawings are objected to because in Fig. 1, it appears that "115" should be changed to -100-. Applicant's assertion that "115" references components of the contact block assembly 100 is not supported by the specification since reference numeral "115" is not found in the specification.

In addition, the reference numerals in all of the figures are handwritten, too small and indistinct. Because of this, the examiner has been unable to find a number of the reference numerals in the figures. Applicant is respectfully requested to confirm that all of the numerals used in the specification are present in the drawings.

New corrected drawings are required in this application because of the issues raised above. The requirement for corrected drawings will not be held in abeyance. Any response to this Office action that does not include legible, corrected drawings, with all reference numbers properly coinciding between the specification and the drawings, will be held non-responsive and may lead to the application being considered to be abandoned.

- 2. The disclosure is objected to as being inconsistent. In particular, the presence of a second movable contact (page 12, lines 3-4) is not consistent with the test and advantages illustrated in Figs. 6 and 7 and discussed in the remainder of the application as an important purpose of the invention. The presence of a second movable contact, arranged as indicated, would prevent incorrect insertion, thereby voiding the necessity and usefulness of a test.
- 3. Regarding claim 17, the word "means" is preceded by the words "recess" and "window" in an attempt to use a "means" clause to recite a claim element as a means for performing a specified function. However, since no function (only structure) is specified by the words preceding "means," it is impossible to determine the equivalents of the element, as required by 35 U.S.C. 112, sixth paragraph. See Ex parte Klumb, 159 USPQ 694 (Bd. App. 1967).

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Applicant argues that the function can and does follow the term means. While it is acknowledged that the function is permitted to follow the term, it is noted that in the present claims the terms denote structure. Any description that follows does not change that status. A function is something that is performed by a structure. It is not the structure itself. (For example, an opening means or an entering means is the function that a door performs. The term "door means" is indefinite because "door" is one structure for performing the function.) A function requires a verb (or something similar), not an adjective as suggested by applicant's remarks.

- 4. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 5. Claims 9, 10 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Reguant Soler. This pusher assembly comprises a body 7, a first window and a second window in a first portion of the body (see marked figure at left), a movable contact 11, and a spring 9a in a recess 12a.

Applicant argues that this device lacks a recess formed through the first end of the body portion. However, the recess 12a is at an end of the body 7. Lacking any other definition, this end is seen to be the first end. Since structure 12a is a void, that goes through the member, and is located in this first end, it is seen to be a recess through the first end of the body portion as claimed.

6. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Reguant Soler. This pusher assembly comprises a body 7 and a recess 12a. It is noted that the window through which the contact extends is both a first window means and a second window means since it performs both functions.

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It is further noted that recess 12a is open at the top of the end of the body portion.

- 7. Claims 25-32 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ikeda. The method for assembling this pusher assembly comprises inserting a movable contact 12 into a first substantially vertical position (Fig. 4) in a first window (the left side), moving the contact to a second window (the right side) and rotating it into the horizontal operating position (Fig. 3). In addition, a spring 4 is inserted through a recess formed by the windows. In regard to claims 22 and 26, it is noted that the second window comprises a shoulder 7 against which the contact is retained. Contrary to applicant's assertions in regard to claim 25, as defined above there **are** two windows in this device. Contrary to applicant's assertions in regard to claim 30, Fig. 4 shows the movable contact in a **substantially** vertical orientation just after it has been inserted through the first window and prior to its rotation into a substantially horizontal position (shown in Fig. 3), as claimed.
- 8. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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9. Claims 18-24 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 32, 33, 35 and 37 of copending Application No. 09/961160. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because it would have been obvious to exclude the steps involving the second contact in a device where the second contacts is not necessary. It has been held that omission of an element and its function in a combination where the remaining elements perform the same function as before involves only routine skill in the art. In re Karlson, 136 USPQ 184. In regard to claim 24, it is noted that the determination of correct insertion is an inherent step in the method of assembling; at the latest, such a determination is made upon initial operation of the device.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

- 10. Claims 11-13 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 11. Claims 1, 4-8, 15 and 16 are allowed.

In regard to claim 1, it is noted that although Reguant Soler does comprise a body portion having an open top and defining a recess for a spring (contrary to applicant's remarks), the prior art fails to show or teach such an arrangement where the movable contact is captured between that spring and a shoulder of the window.

12. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new grounds of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**.

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See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

## 13. It is suggested that responses to this final action be faxed to:

(703) 872-9319 or 308-7722, 308-7724

Please refrain from sending a confirmation copy, as noted in 37 CFR 1.6(d) and 1.8(b). For formal communications, please mark "EXPEDITED PROCEDURE." For informal or draft communications please clearly label "PROPOSED" or "DRAFT."

## Alternatively, responses may be mailed to:

Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

For additional information regarding this new address, which was effective May 1, 2003, see *Correspondence with the United States Patent and Trademark Office*, 68 Fed. Reg. 14332 (March 25, 2003).

## Hand-delivered responses should be brought to:

Crystal Plaza 4, Fourth Floor (Receptionist) 2201 South Clark Place, Arlington, Virginia.

14. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mrs. Renee Luebke at (703) 308-1511. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mrs. Paula Bradley, can be reached at (703) 308-2319.

Renee S. Luebke

Primary Patent Examiner

July 27, 2003